RESPECT-Mil: Early Intervention & Outcomes of PTSD & Depression in Primary Care

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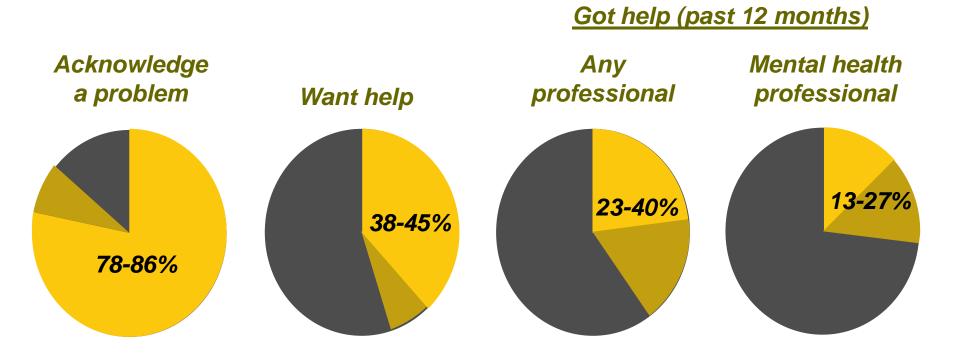
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Report Documentation Page

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Why Primary Care? A Gap Between Needs & Services

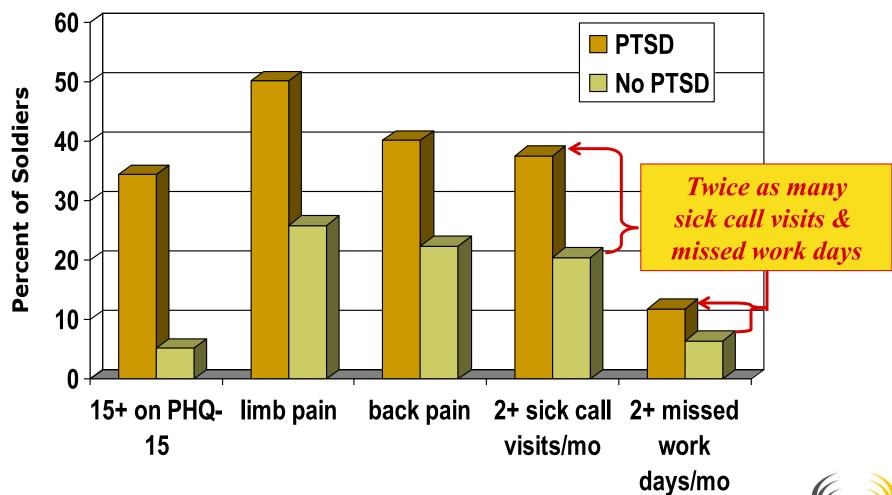
Among the 20% of Soldiers with moderate to severe disorder after OIF deployment...



Hoge CW, et al. N Engl J Med. 2004;351:13-22.

Potential for Offset: Service Use & Missed Work

2,863 Iraq War returnees one-year post-deployment





Primary Care...

Where Soldiers Get Their Care

- ★ Mean primary care use is 3.4 visits per year
- ★ 88-94% have one or more visits per year
- ★ Primary care approach to mental health is an opportunity to...
 - ★ Reduce stigma & barriers
 - ★ Intervene early
 - ★ Reduce unmet needs
 - ★ Reduce unnecessary service use



Primary Care Intervention is Evidence-Based

Randomized trials offer sound evidence that systems-level approaches benefit...

- ★ Depression (e.g., IMPACT Trial BMJ 2006)
- ★ Suicidal ideation & depression (Bruce et al, JAMA 2004)
- ★ Depression and physical illness (e.g., Lin et al, JAMA, 2003)
- ★ PTSD and physical injury (Zatzick, AGP, 2004)
- ★ Panic disorder (e.g., Roy-Byrne et al, AGP 2005)
- ★ Somatic symptoms (e.g., Smith et al, AGP 1995)
- ★ Health anxiety (e.g., Barsky et al, JAMA 2004)
- ★ Substance dependence (e.g., O'Connor et al. Am J Med. 1998)
- ★ Dementia (e.g., Callahan et al, JAMA 2006)



RESPECT-Mil

Re-Engineering Systems of Primary Care Treatment in the Military

Defense Centers of Excellence for Psychological Health & TBI
Office of The Surgeon General, Army
Deployment Health Clinical Center
Uniformed Services University
3CM®

COLORADO SPRINGS, CO



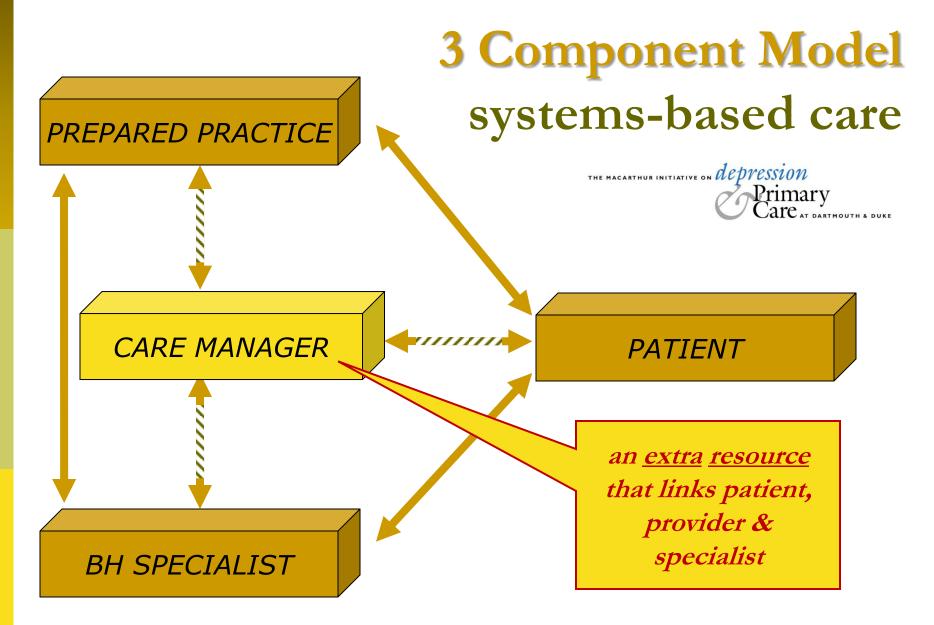








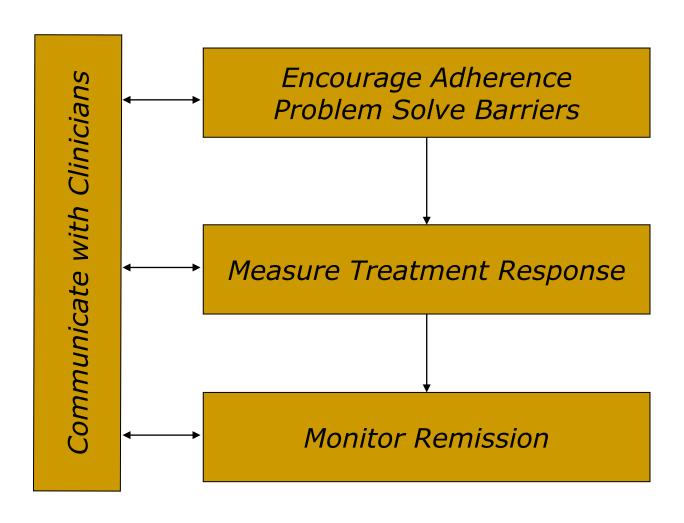




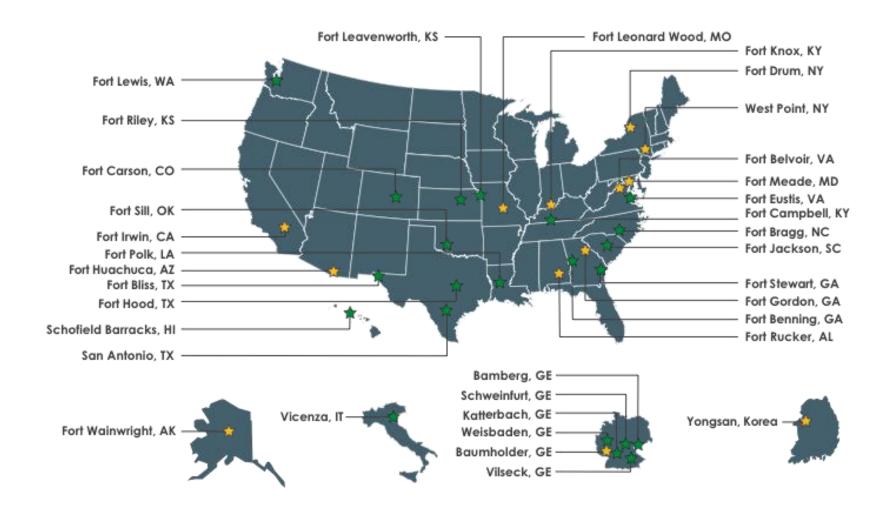


RESPECT-Mil

Care Facilitator Functions



RESPECT-Mil Worldwide Sites





Fully Implemented Sites



Partially Implemented Sites



Levels of Implementation

- **★ Micro: Clinic level implementation**
- **★** Meso: Site level implementation (R-SIT)
- ★ Macro: Program level implementation (R-MIT)



- ★ Brief PTSD & depression screening (all visits)
- ★ Pre-clinician diagnostic aid
- ★ Patient education materials
- ★ Psychosocial options
- ★ Care Facilitator assisted follow-up option
- ★ Aggressive facilitator outreach & monitoring
- ★ Web-based care facilitation system
- ★ "Just-in-time" treatment adjustment
- ★ Weekly BH Champion review of facilitator caseload



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MEDICAL RECORD - RESPECT-Mil PRIMARY CARE SCREENING For use of this form, see MEDCOM Circular 40-20; The Surgeon General is the proponent. TOD	DAY'S DATE:
The Army Surgeon General mandates that all Soldiers routinely receive the following primary hear Please check the best answer to each of the questions on this page. Enter your personal bottom and return this page to the medic or nurse.	
PATIENT HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE	
SECTION 1 (Check all that apply):	
Over the LAST 2 WEEKS, have you been bothered by any of the following problems?	10
Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless.	Yes No
Little interest or pleasure in doing things.	Yes No
SECTION II (Check all that apply):	
Have you had any experience that was so frightening, horrible, or upsetting that IN THE F	PAST MONTH, you
3. Had any nightmares about it or thought about it when you did not want to?	Yes No
4. Tried hard not to think about it or went out of your way to avoid situations that remind you of it	? Yes No
5. Were constantly on guard, watchful, or easily startled?	☐ Yes ☐ No
6. Felt numb or detached from others, activities, or your surroundings?	Yes No
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
PATIENT'S HEALTH QUESTIONNAIRE (Additional Cor	mments):
Provider please reference section and question number when entering additional com Please sign and date entry.	ments from patient.

- ★ Brief PTSD & depression screening (all visits)
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PCL

Below is a list of problems and complaints that persons sometimes have in response to stressful life experiences. Please read each question carefully circle the number in the box which indicates how much you have been bothered by that problem in the last month. Please answer all 19 questions.

No.	Response:	Not at all	A little bit	Moderately	Quite a bit	Extremely
1	Repeated, disturbing memories, thoughts, or images of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
2	Repeated, disturbing dreams of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
3	Suddenly acting or feeling as if a stressful experience were happening again (as if you were reliving it)?	0	1	2	3	4
4	Feeling very upset when something reminded you of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
5	Having physical reactions (e.g., heart pounding, trouble breathing, or sweating) when something reminded you of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
6	Avoid thinking about or talking about a stressful experience from the past or avoid having feelings related to it?	0	1	2	3	4
7	Avoid activities or situations because they remind you of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
9	Trouble remembering important parts of a stressful experience from the past?	0	1	2	3	4
9	Loss of interest in things that you used to enjoy?	0	1	2	3	4
10	Feeling distant or cut off from other people?	0	1	2	3	4
11	Feeling emotionally numb or being unable to have loving feelings for those close to you?	0	1	2	3	4
12	Feeling as if your future will somehow be cut short?	0	1	2	3	4
13	Trouble falling or staying asleep?	0	1	2	3	4
14		0	1	2	3	4
15	Having difficulty concentrating?	0	1	2	3	4
16	Being "super alert" or watchful on guard?	0	1	2	3	4
17	Feeling jumpy or easily startled?	0	1	2	3	4
	For Primary Care Provider - Subtotal	0 -	+ +		+	+
18	care of things at home, or get along with other	people?	have these pro			
		at difficult	Very di		Extremely diffic	
19	During the last 2 weeks have you had thou some way?Yes No	ghts that yo	ou would be l	better off dead	, or of hurtin	g yourself

_More than half the days ____Almost everyday

If 'Yes', how often?

____Several days ___



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Participant Education & Self-Management Materials

HOW CAN YOU IMPROVE YOUR SLEEP?

Sleep problems are common for those with PTSD. Changing your sleep pattern can take at least six to eight weeks.

Here are some areas where you may improve your sleep.

Avoid Caffeine: Caffeine is a stimulant found in items such as coffee, tea, soda, and chocolate, as well as in many over-the-counter medications. Those with insominia are often sensitive to mild stimulants, and should avoid caffeine six to eight hours before bedtime. You may want to consider a trial period of avoiding caffeine altogether.

Aveid Nicotine: Some smokers claim smoking helps them to relax, but nicotine is actually a stimulant. Relaxing effects may occur when nicotine first enters the system, but as it builds up. It produces an effect similar to caffeine. Avoid smoking, dipping, or chewing tobacco before bedtime, and don't smoke to get yourself back to sleep.

Avoid Alcohol: Alcohol is a depressant. While it might help you fall asleep, as alcohol is metabolized, your sleep can become more disturbed and fragmented. Avoid alcohol after dinner, and limit its use to small or moderate quantities.

Cautiously Use Steeping Pilis: Sleep medications are effective only temporarily. If taken regularly, they lose effectiveness in about two to four weeks. Over time, sleeping pilis may make sleep problems worse or lead to an insomnia "rebound." Many people, after long-term use of sleeping pilis, mistakenly conclude that they need them to sleep



Participant Brochure

Depression and Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

RESPECT-MA

(Re-Engineering Systems of Primary Care Treatment in the Military)



ESPECT-MII

AND RECOVER

NOT ALL WOUNDS ARE VISIBLE



Goals & Self-Management Worksheet

PATIENT HEALTH QUESTION	INAIRE (PHQ-9)			DEPRESSIO	N PRO	/ISIONAL DIAGNOSIS &	TREATMENT RECOMMENDATIONS	
Located at Section 1 and a section 1		Several	More	Nearly	PHQ-9 Severity		Provisional Diagnosis	Treatment Recommendations	
i. Over the last 2 weeks, how often have you been bothered by any of the following problems?	Not at all	days	half the	evený day	0-4	No De	pression	N/A	
. Little interest or pleasure in doing things	0	1	Depre	ssion.Dx	5-9	Minim	al Symptoms*	Support, educate to call if worse;	
Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	0	1	tems checked in the shaded areas plus functional impairment					return in one month.	
Trouble falling or staying asleep or sleeping	0	1			10-14	Minor	Depression++	Support, watchful waiting. Antidepressant or counseling.	
L Feeling tired or having little energy	0	1					Depression, Mild	Antidepressant or counseling.	
Poor appetite or overeating	0	1					-76 		
f. Feeling bad about yourself-or that you are a failure		1	AT	uding LEAST	15-19	Major Depression, Moderately Severe		Antidepressant or counseling.	
Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading	0	1 one of the fir Items.			≥20	Major Depression, Severe		Antidepressant and counseling.	
. Moving or speaking so slowly that other people	.0	1					<u> </u>		
LThoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself in some way Symptom Count					Initial Response to an Adequate Dose of Antidepressant After Six – Eight Weeks				
add o	olumns: + +		PHQ-9 Score Treatment Response		Treatment Plan				
Tota	al Score:		Drop of ≥ 5 points		Adequate	No treatment change needed.			
4	Not Difficult	Some- what Difficult	Very Difficult	Extremely Difficult	from baseline Drop of 3 – 4 points from baseline		Probably Inadequate	Care Facilitator follow-up in four weeks. Probably warrants an increase in close.	
2. If you checked off any problems, how difficult have these problems made it for you to do your work Eunctional impairm required for Exc.			ent	Drop of 1 – 2 points or no change or increase		Inadequate	Increase dose; Switch drugs; Augmentation; Informal or formal psychiatric consultation; Add courseling.		
HQ-9 Capyright is Pfleer Inc. PRIME-MID To a brademark of Pfleer Inc.		-			-	initial R	esponse to Counseling Aft	er Four Sessions over Six Weeks	
isprodució de compilian a with © permission policies https://www.phapon	aners.com/lite	тигазрх			PHQ-9 Score	-	Treatment Response	Treatment Plan	
					Drop of ≥ 5 points from baseline		Adequate	No treatment change needed. Care Facilitator follow-up in four weeks.	
					Drop of 3 – 4 points from baseline		Probably Inadequate	Possibly no treatment change needed. Share PHQ-9 with BH Provider.	
* Typeptom present > see year, in an probably chronic depression which warment antideorescent or cours with a last. In the part I was a how you felt depress of or tool				Drop of 1 – 2 points or no change or increase		Inadequate	ffdepression-specific psychological counseling (CBT, PST, IPT) cliscuss with therapist, consider adding antidepressant.		
amagnasama or cursining year. In the para zynas nave you net appress or or sor most days, even if you felt allay sometimes?)							For patients satisfied in other type of psychologic counseling, consider starting antidepressant.		
+ if sympitams are present > one month or severe functional impostment, someone	consider activ	MZ		1				For patients dissatisfied in other type of counsels	

Provider "Fast Facts"

- ★ Brief PTSD & depression screening (all visits)
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DESTRESS-PC - Web-based, nurse assisted, PTSD self-training

DElivery of

Self-

TRaining &

Education for

Stressful

Situations -

Primary Care version

Article

A Randomized, Controlled Proof-of-Concept Trial of an Internet-Based, Therapist-Assisted Self-Management Treatment for Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

Brett T. Litz, Ph.D.

Charles C. Engel, M.D., M.P.H.

Richard Bryant, Ph.D.

Anthony Papa, Ph.D.

Objective: The authors report an 8week, randomized, controlled proof-ofconcept trial of a new therapist-assisted, Internet-based, self-management cognitive behavior therapy versus Internetbased supportive counseling for posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD).

Method: Service members with PTSD from the attack on the Pentagon on September 11th or the Iraq War were randomly assigned to self-management cognitive behavior therapy (N=24) or supportive counseling (N=21).

Results: The dropout rate was similar to regular cognitive behavior therapy (30%) and unrelated to treatment arm. In the

intent-to-treat group, self-management cognitive behavior therapy led to sharper declines in daily log-on ratings of PTSD symptoms and global depression. In the completer group, self-management cognitive behavior therapy led to greater reductions in PTSD, depression, and anxiety scores at 6 months. One-third of those who completed self-management cognitive behavior therapy achieved high-end state functioning at 6 months.

Conclusions: Self-management cognitive behavior therapy may be a way of delivering effective treatment to large numbers with unmet needs and barriers to care.

(Am J Psychiatry 2007; 164:1-8)

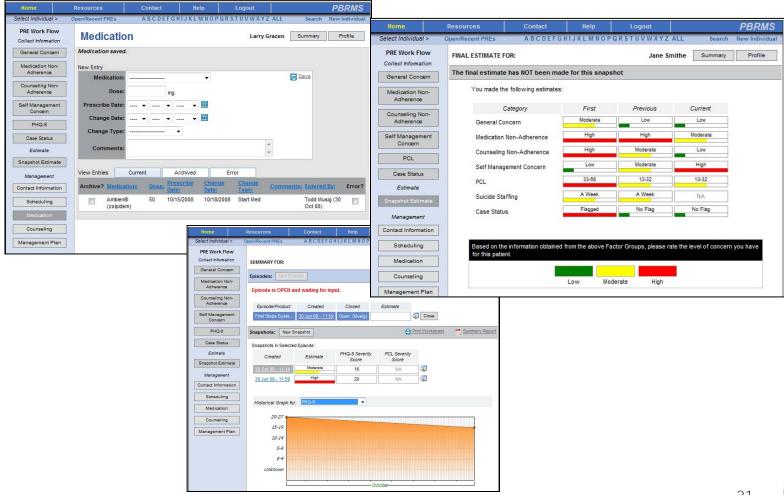




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- **★ Web-based care facilitation system**
- ★ "Just-in-time" treatment adjustment
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FIRST-STEPS — Web-based Care-Manager Support & Reporting System



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FIRST-STEPS — Improves Efficiency, Accountability & Effectiveness of Staffing

Home	Resources		Contact Help			Logout		PBRMS		
Select Individual >	Open/Research	A B	CDEFGH	IIJKLMN(OPQRSTUV	WXYZA	ALL Se	earch Ne	w Individua	
Acuity					IMPORTA Welcome.	ANT MESS			REVIDENCE vidence Risk	
Acuity	Case Closure	Call Schedule	Case	eload	Closed Cases					
IY VIEW UNIT VIE	w							0	Print Previev	
<u>Unit</u>	<u>Name</u>	Suicide Staffing		ilitator ncern	<u>Deployers</u>	Tx N	lon-Reponse	<u>Last</u> <u>Staffing</u> <u>Date</u>	<u>Last</u> <u>Contact</u>	
Fort Hood	April, Test	Unknown	Mo	oderate	30-60 Days		No		25 Apr 08	
Germany 1	Braxton, Bruce	Emergency		High			No		12 Aug 08	
Beta Fort Stewart	Frankie, Bill	A Duty Day		High	60-90 Days		No	2 Oct 08	2 Oct 08	
Beta Fort Bliss	Harry, Dirty	A Duty Day		High	Not Deploying		No		20 Oct 08	
Fort Drum	New, Tom	A Duty Day	Ur	nknown			No		24 Apr 07	
Fort Carson	Turner, Bill	A Duty Day	Ur	nknown			No		20 Apr 07	
Vicenza	Violet, Eric	A Duty Day	Ur	nknown			No		19 Apr 07	
Fort Lewis	Wilking, Sarah	A Duty Day	Ur	nknown			No		19 Apr 07	

Macro- or Program-level

RESPECT-Mil Implementation Team (R-MIT):

- ★ Monitors program implementation, fidelity, outcomes
- ★ Trains & consults with R-SiTs
- ★ Develops & disseminates education modules and tools
- ★ Pilots & evaluates new components
- ★ Performs site visits & site calls



Meso- or Site-level

RESPECT-Mil Site Team (R-SIT)

- ★ Primary Care Champion Monitors local program & process
- ★ Behavioral Health Champion Monitors facilitator caseloads
- ★ Facilitator
 RN, 1 per 6K in eligible population
- ★ Administrative assistant
 1 per 10K in eligible population





Web-Based PTSD & **Depression Training for Primary Care Providers***





LTC James L

Mil we are better able to treat Soldiers like Alex o have PTSD.

and CPT Ann Fuller

have viewed the

HOME CONTENTS JOB AID:

the Next button

Discussion of:

Medications

less than optimal interactions. Once

the Play button.



http://127.0.0.1:4001 - Synaptis - Microsoft Internet Explorer

http://127.υ.υ.1:4υυ1 - Synaptis - Microsoft Internet Ex

The next ten pages contain questions to review your understanding of this course. You must answer each question and score at least 70% in order to obtain a completion for the course.

Once you have completed all questions, you will continue to the **Put it all together** page to view course highlights. To begin the assessment, click the **Next** button.

Evaluation of Suicide Risk

Have these symptoms/ feelings we've been talking about led you to believe that you would be better off dead?

2. This past week, have you had any thoughts that life is not worth living or that you would be better off dead?

What have you thought about? Do you have a plan or have you actually tried to hurt yourself?

History of Suicide attempt
 Substance abuse
 Significant comorbid anxiety

NO 🗌

Progress: 41%

Answer

Whenever the first part of question 19 is checked

"yes", you must follow this

evaluation tool guides you as you talk with the

recommendations based

levels of risk, depending

on your comfort, you can to the Behavioral th Specialist. : RESPECT-Mil does

nd must not in any replace, substitute

on the severity of risk. Even at intermediate

up with additional questioning. The suicide

Soldier and evaluate

suicidality. The table

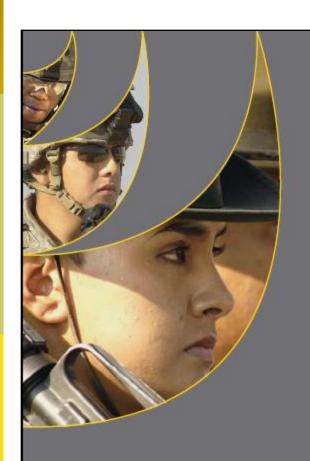
provides

* Includes suicide assessment training



RESPECT-Mil

Provider Manuals





ESPECT - Mil

THREE COMPONENT MODEL
For Primary Care Management of Depression
and PTSD (Military Version)



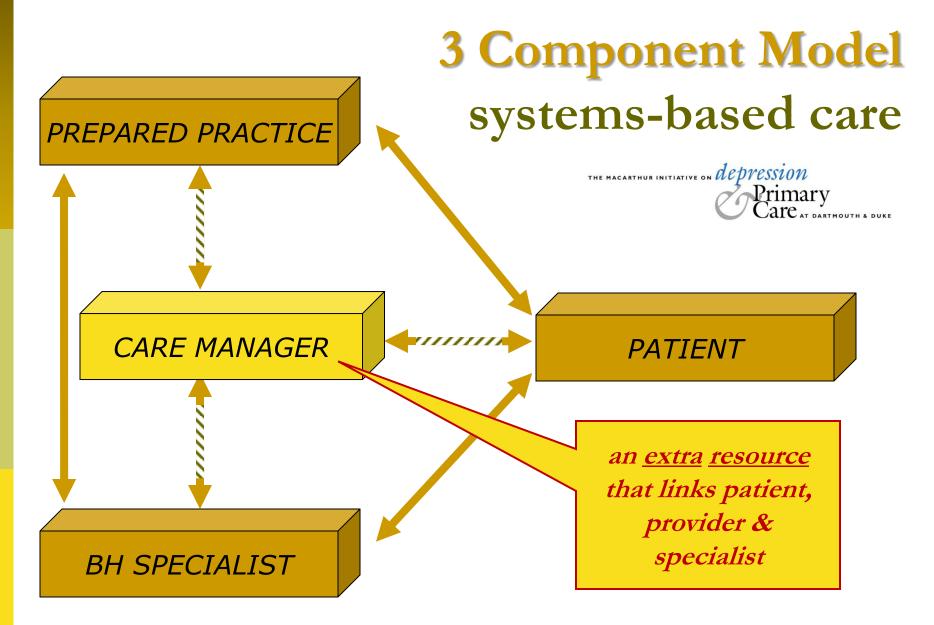
REFACILITATOR REFERENCE MANUAL





THREE COMPONENT MODEL
For Primary Care Management of Depression
and PTSD (Military Version)







RESPECT-Mil

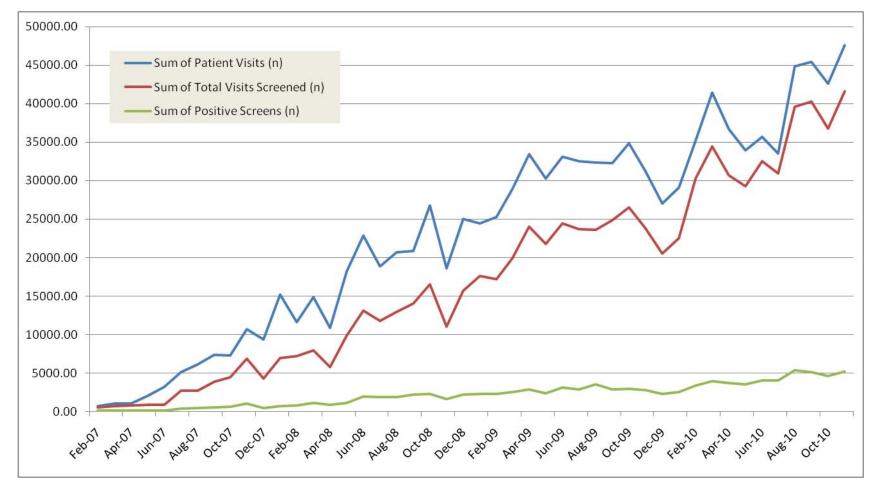
Implementation Results

- ★ 61 of 95 primary care clinics at 34 sites are implementing, with the remainder expected on line by July 2011.
- ★ 86% of visits at implementing clinics screened in last 12 months (75% since January 2007; 2-5% at non-RESPECT-Mil clinics)
- ★ 13% of all screened visits are positive (PTS or depression)
- ★ 48% of positive screens result in a primary care diagnosis of 'depression' or 'possible PTSD'
- ★ 26% of positive screens receive other BH diagnoses (e.g., adjustment disorder)



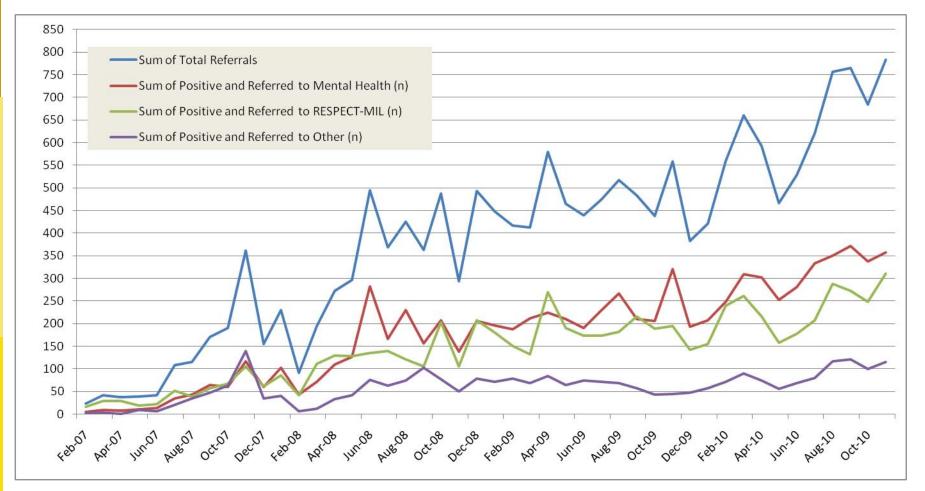
RESPECT-Mil Screening Visits

Steadily Rising Rate of Routine Screening



Referrals for Enhanced BH Services

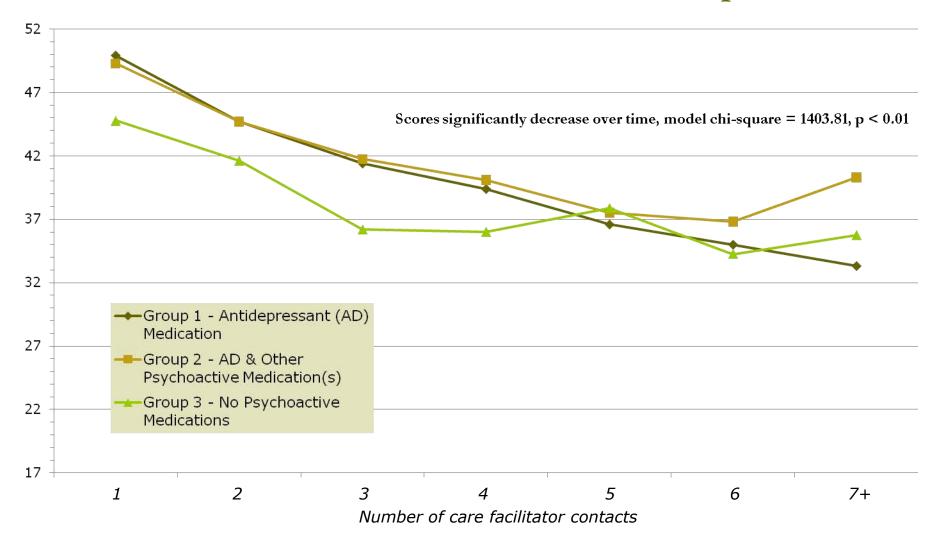
Referrals for Facilitation Nearly as High as to Specialist





Care Facilitation & PTSD Severity (PCL-C)

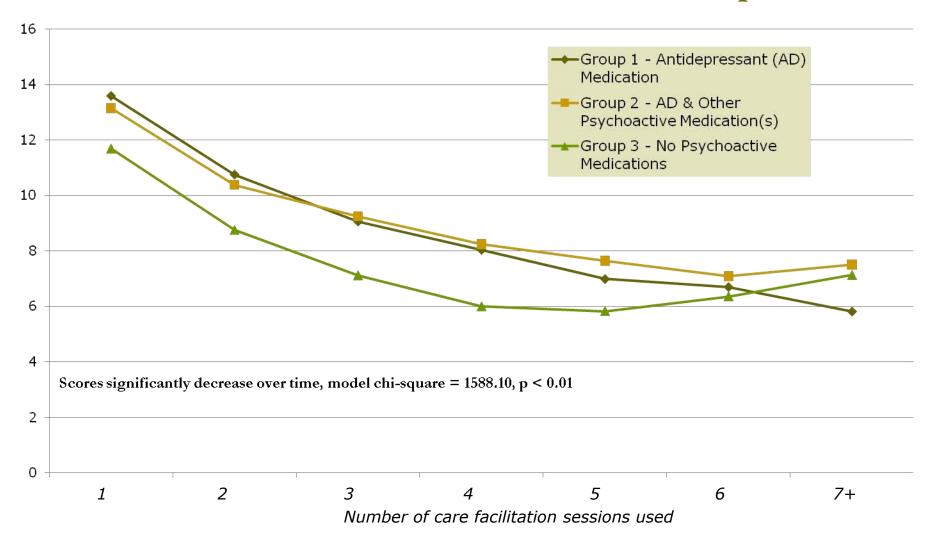
Number of facilitator visits associated with improvement



^{*} Data from RESPECT-Mil enrolled cases from 01 Feb 2007 to 31 Aug 2009 (N = 2,548)

Care Facilitation & Depression Severity (PHQ-9)

Number of facilitator visits associated with improvement



^{*} Data from RESPECT-Mil enrolled cases from 01 Feb 2007 to 31 Aug 2009 (N = 2,548)

RESPECT-Mil

Safety & Risk Management

Visits associated with any suicidal ideation

- ★ 1% of screened visits (8.6% of screen positive visits)
- ★ 25% of visits involving suicidal ideation are rated by provider as intermediate or high risk ("non-low risk")
- ★ 8,771 visits involved suicidal ideation
- ★ Frequent "save" anecdotes



RESPECT-Mil

Safety & Risk Management

Visits associated with any suicidal ideation

- ★ Appropriate risk assessment 99.4% of screened positive visits
- ★ Appropriate risk assessment 99.9% of screened visits



RESPECT-Mil Dispositions

66% assistance rate

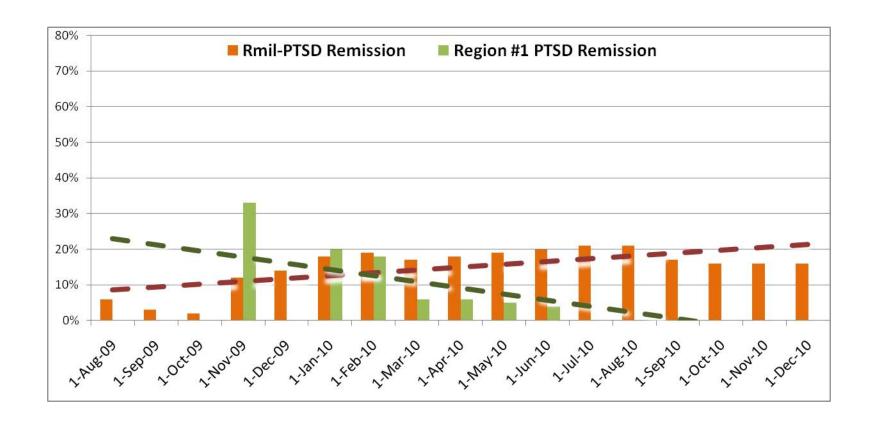
accept/[accept + decline]

4% of all visits

involve recognition & assistance for previously unrecognized mental health needs



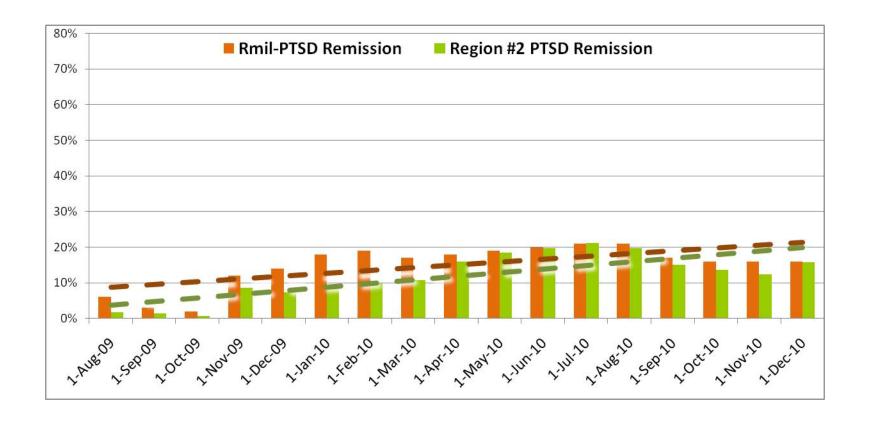
Real-time Aggregate Data Reports PTSD Remission Trend – Region #1



RESPECT-Mil

^{**}Remission is defined as the count of individuals who have an open episode in FIRST STEPS, have been in the system 8 weeks or more, and have a PCL score of 27 or less.

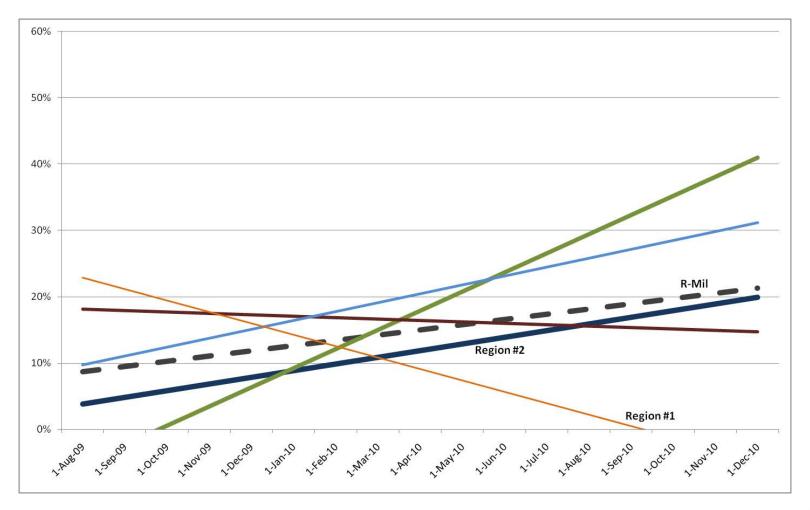
Real-time Aggregate Data Reports PTSD Remission Trend – Region #2



RESPECT-Mil

^{**}Remission is defined as the count of individuals who have an open episode in FIRST STEPS, have been in the system 8 weeks or more, and have a PCL score of 27 or less.

Real-time Aggregate Data Reports PTSD Remission Trends by Region





Quarterly Progress Report: Fort Alpha Example of a High Performance Site



Report

St Quarter, FY 2011

Installation Quarterly Performance

February 28, 2011

Point of Contact: Justin Curry, PhD justin.curry@amedd.army.mil

Objective: This performance report provides summary findings of your RESPECT-Mil program from October 1, 2010 – December 31, 2010. These findings are designed both to inform and guide you and your staff regarding:

- > The force health status at Ft. Alpha;
- > Ft. Alpha's success in meeting RESPECT-Mil's objectives:
- > Ft. Alpha's RESPECT-Mil workforce; and
- > Potential strategies to improve or sustain Ft. Alpha's performance.

Performance Ranking System: Green arrows (♠) signify high performance, yellow arrows (♠) average performance, and red arrows (♣) low performance. Rankings are provided to help you identify strengths and weaknesses relative to other RESPECT-Mill sites.

Summary: In general, Ft. Alpha shows average rates for Service Members meeting criteria for a positive screening result (PTSD/Depression/both) and average rates for a presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or depression. Approximately 45% of those Service Members with positive screens are already engaged in enhanced behavioral health care (EBHC)¹. A greater number than expected of Service Members at Ft. Alpha report suicidal ideation (3.5%).

Procedurally, Ft. Alpha is performing well relative to other implementation sites in the RESPECT-Mil system. During this reporting period, RESPECT-Mil clinics at Ft. Alpha conducted 16,373 primary care visits (down 3.7% from last quarter). Performance against standards for implementing initial screening protocols is high (98%). However, rates for follow-up contacts should be improved. Roughly 26% of Service Members are declining referrals, indicating a need for improvement in this area. All Service Members with a positive PHQ9i/PCL19 should have a further risk assessment conducted by a clinician. At Ft. Alpha, 100% of screens with a positive PHQ9i/PCL19 received further assessment reflecting positive performance against this indicator.

During this reporting period, Pt. Alpha was implementing RESPECT-Mil at 2 clinics with 495 open cases in the RESPECT-Mil program. Staffing appears to be sufficient to handle this case load with 7 care facilitators (RCFs) managing approximately 71 cases each.

Table 1: FORCE HEALTH STATUS AT FT. ALPHA..

	Q04 FY2010 N (%)	Q01 FY2011 N (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range
Screened visits positive for PTSD or Depression:	2,392 (14.5%)	2,169 (13.5%)	-1.1%	7.9% - 20.6%
Screened visits resulting in presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or Depression:	1,102 (6.7%)	953 (5.9%)	-0.8%	1.6% - 10.6%
Screened visits positive for suicide risk:	360 (2.2%)	557 (3.5%)	+1.3%	0% - 5.5%
Positive screens already receiving enhanced behavioral health care:	1,059 (44.3%)**	984 (45.4%)**	+1.1%	18% - 59.8%

Percentage expressed relative to total number of primary care visits screened ((N/Total Screens) × 100)

Percentage expressed relative to number of positive screens only (fN/Positive Screens) × 100)

Table 2: R-MIL PROCEDURAL PERFORMANCE (SCREENING & FOLLOW-UP) AT FT. ALPHA...

Perce	nce Parameter entage of primary care visits of MEDCOM 774:	screened	(%) 96.8% [†]	(%) 98.4% [†]	Change (%)	R-Mil Range 17.9% –	R-Mil Rank
with	MEDCOM 774:	screened	96.8% [†]	98.4% [†]	±1.7%	17.9% -	and car
Porce					1.770	100%	2 0115
	entage of patients referred to ontacted within 14 days:	Respect-	79.6% ^{††}	82.3% ^{††}	+3%	37% - 100%	4 th of 1 5
	entage of open R-Mil cases w one RCF contact during the r id:		85.8% ^{†††}	75% ^{†††}	-10.9%	36.6% - 100%	8 th of 15

Table 3: R-MIL PROCEDURAL PERFORMANCE (REFERRAL & RISK ASSESSMENT) AT FT. ALPHA...

Pe	rformance Parameter	Q04 FY2010 (%)	Q01 FY2011 (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range	
*	Percentage of EBHC referrals offered that are accepted:	65.6% [‡]	73.7%	+8.2%	44% – 94.6%	6 th of 15
*	Percentage of R-Mil referrals offered that are accepted:	71.9%‡	77.6%	+5.8%	0%-91.3%	2 nd of 15
*	Percentage of Behavioral Health referrals offered that are accepted:	47.5% [‡]	47.7% [‡]	+0.3%	28.6% - 100%	12 th of 15
*	Among visits with documented suicidal ideation, the percentage of MEDCOM 774s evidencing provider risk assessment:	99.7% ^{‡‡}	100%#	+0.3%		standard 00%

((N/Referrals Offered) × 100)

** ((N/Positive Suicide Risk) × 100)

RESPECT-Mil Staffing at Ft. Alpha: A RESPECT-Mil primary care champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training. A RESPECT-Mil behavioral health champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training.

Table 4: HUMAN RESOURCING DATA FOR FT. ALPHA...

Staff	# Assigned	# Authorized	Open Cases	Active Cases	Average Caseload	R-Mil Caseload Range
Total	9	10	-	-	_	-
Care Facilitators	7	7	495	371	71	12-188
Administrative Assistants	2	3	_	_	-	

Cases open in FIRST-STEPS Care Facilitation Management System during the reporting period

Open cases with at least one contact? recorded in FIRST-STEPS during the reporting period

Comments on Data: Given the high proportion of open cases with no contact from RCFs, the reported caseload is likely to overestimate actual workload. Analysis of data from Ft. Alpha reveals very little between-clinic variation. Consequently, findings from overall site performance presented in this report can safely be interpreted at the clinic level. The only exception to this is in regards to suicidal ideation (SI). One clinic at Ft. Alpha did not report any positive screens for SI.

Impressions:

- 1) Generally excellent overall performance continues.
- In the past 2 consecutive quarters Ft Alpha's only consistently poor performance has been in the area of Behavioral Health referral acceptance.
- 3) 25 % of open cases had no contact during the reporting period. This could be due to completed patient contacts not being entered into FIRST-STEPS or due to open cases not being closed on patients discharged from the program. These issues should be addressed as soon as possible so that it accurately reflects caseload and contact data.

Recommended Actions: The following bullet points reflect recommendations from the RESPECT-Mil Implementation Team to assist R-Mil staff and stakeholders at Ft. Alpha sustain or improve program performance:

- Fort Alpha successfully implemented previous recommendation to increase efforts in the area of suicide risk evaluation and documentation. Congratulate your providers on achieving the program standard of 100% on this performance indicator and encourage them to continue performing at this level.
- Encourage RCFs to review caseloads with BHC to appropriately disposition cases and to ensure that cases that are no longer in active care facilitation are closed in the FIRST-STEPS system.

¹ EBHC includes the RESPECT-Mil program or any behavioral health care service outside the scope of primary care practice.

² A contact is defined as a FIRST-STEPS "snapshot" created for an open case. PRN visits are not considered in determining number of active cases

RESPECT-Mil Findings to Date

- ★ Often concerns about getting started
- ★ Once started, approach is acceptable and feasible for both Soldiers and providers
- ★ Enrolled soldiers show clinical improvement
- ★ Identifying & referring Soldiers with previously unrecognized and unmet needs
- ★ Enhanced safety and risk assessment capabilities



RESPECT-Mil Challenges & Road Ahead

- Provider training and retraining
- ★ Expansion site training
- ★ Web-based training ongoing
 http://www.pdhealth.mil/respect-mil.asp
- ★ FIRST-STEPS performance reporting
- ★ Alcohol SBIRT demonstration in preparation
- * REHIP: triservice demonstration of a "blended" model
- ★ Intercalation with Patient Centered Medical Home
- ★ STEPS-UP: 5-year, 18-clinic controlled trial intervention is blended + centralized care management + stepped psychosocial modalities



RESPECT-Mil Central

Implementation Team

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Deputy Director

Sheila Barry, BA

Associate Director, Program Development & Training

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Primary Care Health Proponent

David Dobson, MD

Behavioral Health Proponent

Kelly Williams, RN

Nurse Proponent & Educator

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James Harris

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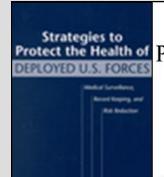
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Professor of Medicine, Duke University & Durham VA

Kurt Kroenke, MD

Professor of Medicine, Indiana University & Regenstrief Institute





National Academy Press. 1999; pp. 173-212

Population and Need-Based Prevention of Unexplained Physical Symptoms in the Community

06) 361, 707-720

24 March 2006

doi:10-1098/rstb.2006.1829

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Charles C. Engel, and Wayne





Man; vin fu are u Wa Symaromes: errort, hal es ons an new models of care

Charles En 1,2,3, Renneth C. Hyams³ and Ken Scott⁴

Can V Pre In a S to U lit war Syndr me? p at n-Based Health are comonic Idiopathic Pain and Largue after War¹

Charles C. Engel^{3,b}, Ambereen Jaffer^b, Joyce Adkins^b, James R. Riddle^c, Roger Gibson^d

Advances in Psychosomatic Medicine 2004;25:102-22

Population-based health care: A model for restoring community health and productivity following terrorist attack

Charles C. Engel, Ambereen Jaffer, Joyce Adkins, Vivian Sheliga, David Cowan, and Wayne J. Katon

Terrorism and Disaster

Individual and Community Mental Health Interventions

Robert J. Ursano

Carol S. Fullerton

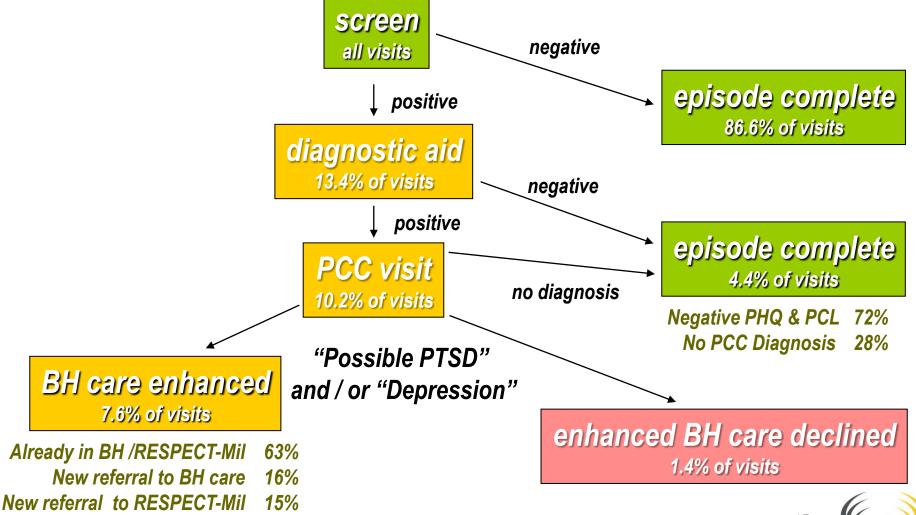
Ann E. Norwood

RESPECT-Mil

7%

New referral out to BH care

Patient Flow & Clinic Process



RESPECT-Mil

Time & Workload

component % visits estimated time / visit

All clinic patients 100.0% 2 minutes medic time

Screen positive 13.4% 3 minutes medic time

Diagnosis 10.2% 10 minutes clinician time

Suicidality 0.7% 25 minutes clinician time

Total Estimated Time Per Visit

 $Medic = 2 + (0.134 \times 3) = 2.4 min$

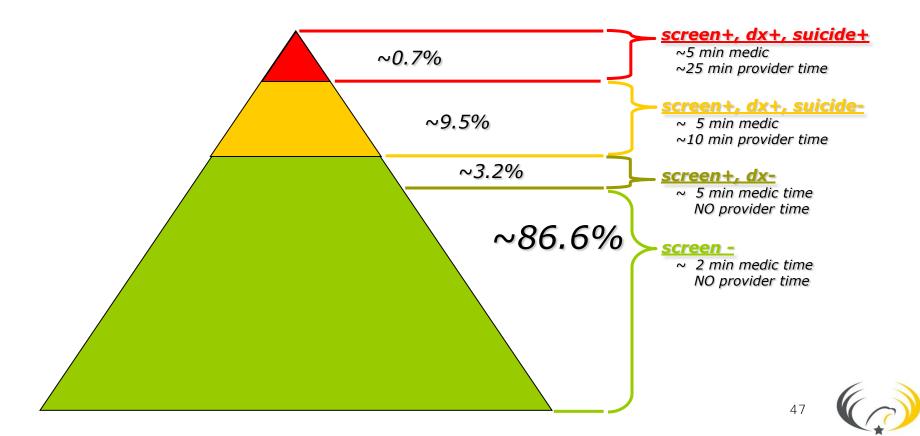
Provider = $(0.102 \times 10) + (0.007 \times 25) = 1.2 \text{ min}$



RESPECT-Mil

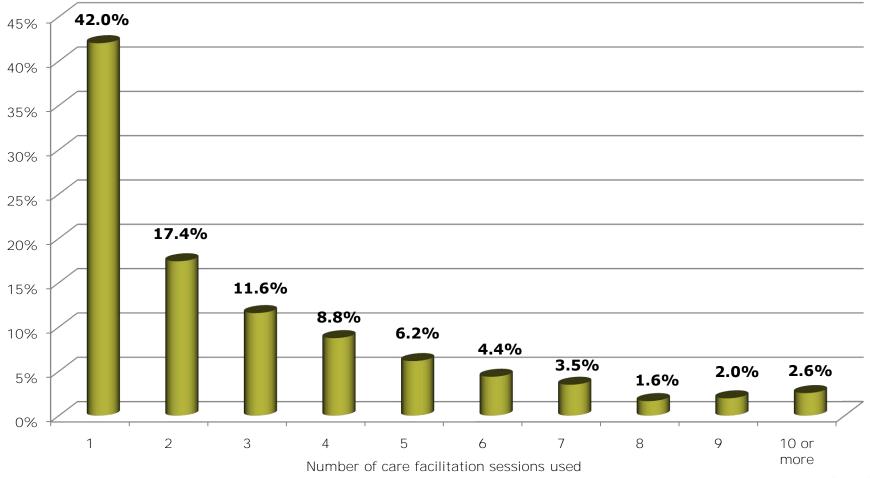
Creating Efficiencies

~ 90% of visits require NO added provider time ~ 84% of added clinician time is for the 0.7% of visits at highest risk



RESPECT-Mil Facilitator Use

Only 20.6% have four or more facilitator contacts





Quarterly Progress Report: Fort Bravo Example of an Average Performance Site



Report

Performance

Quarter,

Quarterly nstallation

February 28, 2011

Point of Contact: Justin Curry, PhD justin.curry@amedd.army.mil

Objective: This performance report provides summary findings of your RESPECT-Mil program from October 1, 2010 - December 31, 2010. These findings are designed both to inform and guide you and your staff regarding:

- > The force health status at Ft. Bravo;
- > Ft. Bravo's success in meeting RESPECT-Mil's objectives:
- > Ft. Bravo's RESPECT-Mil workforce; and
- > Potential strategies to improve or sustain Ft. Bravo's performance.

Performance Ranking System: Green arrows (1) signify high performance, yellow arrows (1) average performance, and red arrows (\$\frac{4}{2}\$) low performance. Rankings are provided to help you identify strengths and weaknesses relative to other RESPECT-Mil sites.

Summary: In general, Ft. Bravo shows above average rates for Service Members meeting criteria for a positive screening result (PTSD/Depression/both) and average rates for a presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or depression. Approximately 35% of those Service Members with positive screens are already engaged in enhanced behavioral health care (EBHC)1. Few Service Members at Ft. Bravo report suicidal ideation (0.5%).

Procedurally, Ft. Bravo is performing on par with other implementation sites in the RESPECT-Mil system. During this reporting period, RESPECT-Mil clinics at Ft. Bravo conducted 7,969 primary care visits (up 21.5% from last quarter). Performance against standards for implementing initial screening protocols is average (89%). However, rates for follow-up contacts should be improved. Roughly 34% of Service Members are declining referrals, indicating a need for improvement in this area. All Service Members with a positive PHQ9i/PCL19 should have a further risk assessment conducted by a clinician. At Ft. Bravo, the reporting of suicide risk assessment data to the DHCC R-Mil Implementation Team was not carried out to standard. Consequently, it is not possible to report performance against this key program standard for Ft. Bravo at this time.

During this reporting period, Ft. Bravo was implementing RESPECT-Mil at 3 clinics with 497 open cases in the RESPECT-Mil program. Staffing appears to be insufficient to handle this case load with 4 care facilitators (RCFs) managing approximately 124 cases each.

	Q04 FY2010 N (%)	Q01 FY2011 N (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range
Screened visits positive for PTSD or Depression:	1,140 (20.3%)	1,136 (16.2%)	-4.1%	7.9% - 20.6%
Screened visits resulting in presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or Depression:	547 (9.7%)	524 (7.5%) [†]	-2.2%	1.6% - 10.6%
Screened visits positive for suicide risk:	24 (0.43%)	33 (0.47%)	+0.04%	0% - 5.5%
Positive screens already receiving enhanced behavioral health care:	342 (30%)**	400 (35.2%)**	+5.2%	18% - 59.8%

Percentage expressed relative to total number of primary care visits screened ((N/Total Screens) × 100) Percentage expressed relative to number of positive screens only (IN/Positive Screens) × 100)

Table 2: R-MIL PROCEDURAL PERFORMANCE (SCREENING & FOLLOW-UP) AT FT. BRAVO...

		Q04 FY2010	Q01 FY2011		Q01 FY2011	Q01 FY201
Perf	ormance Parameter	(%)	(%)	Change (%)	R-Mil Range	R-Mil Rank
***	Percentage of primary care visits screened with MEDCOM 774:	85.7% [†]	87.8% [†]	+2.1%	17.9% - 100%	10 th of 15
GI IO	Percentage of patients referred to Respect-Mil contacted within 14 days:	64.2% ^{††}	75.9% ^{††}	+11.7%	37% - 100%	6 th of 1 5
(HIII)	Percentage of open R-Mil cases with at least one RCF contact during the reporting period:	71% ^{†††}	82.3% ^{†††}	+11.3%	36.6% - 100%	4 th of 15

Table 3: R-MIL PROCEDURAL PERFORMANCE (REFERRAL & RISK ASSESSMENT) AT FT. BRAVO...

Perf	ormance Parameter	Q04 FY2010 (%)	Q01 FY2011 (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range	
***	Percentage of EBHC referrals offered that are accepted:	57.2% [‡]	66.1% [‡]	+8.9%	44% – 94.6%	7 th of 15
	Percentage of R-Mil referrals offered that are accepted:	46.9%	52.8%‡	+5.9%	0%-91.3%	5 th of 15
***	Percentage of Behavioral Health referrals offered that are accepted:	53.5%‡	65.4% [‡]	+11.9%	28.6% - 100%	7 th of 15
•	Among visits with documented suicidal ideation, the percentage of MEDCOM 774s evidencing provider risk assessment:		quate data rep analysis perfor		Program is 1	

((N/Referrals Offered) × 100) ((N/Positive Suicide Risk) × 100)

RESPECT-Mil Staffing at Ft. Bravo: A RESPECT-Mil primary care champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training. A RESPECT-Mil behavioral health champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training.

Table 4: HUMAN RESOURCING DATA FOR FT. BRAVO...

Staff	# Assigned	# Authorized	Open Cases	Active Cases	Average Caseload	R-Mil Caseload Range
Total	6	9	-	_	_	-
Care Facilitators	4	6	497	409	124	12 - 188
Administrative Assistants	2	3	_	_	-	2 - 1

Cases open in FIRST-STEPS Care Facilitation Management System during the reporting period Open cases with at least one contact recorded in FIRST-STEPS during the reporting period

Comments on Data: Given the high proportion of open cases with no contact from RCFs, the reported caseload is likely to overestimate actual workload. However, the average caseload at Ft. Bravo remains high even after correcting for inactive cases that remain open in the FIRST-STEPS system. Overall, there is little between-clinic variance evident in the data at Ft. Bravo suggesting that overall findings can be safely interpreted at the clinic-level. The only exception to this is in the referral rates where significant differences do exist between clinics and findings should, therefore, not be applied generally to clinic performance.

- 1) 18% of open cases had no contact during the reporting period. This could be due to completed patient contacts not being entered into FIRST-STEPS or due to open cases not being closed on patients discharged from the program. These issues should be addressed as soon as possible so that it accurately reflects caseload and contact data.
- 2) Irregular site-call attendance by one or more of the champions has been observed. Champions are reminded that their attendance at site calls is critically important in program implementation and for sustainment of success.
- The RMIT acknowledges that high average RCF caseload has the potential to affect RCF performance. This should be kept mind when considering the Recommended Actions below.

Recommended Actions: The following bullet points reflect recommendations from the RESPECT-Mil Implementation Team to assist R-Mil staff and stakeholders at Ft. Bravo sustain or improve program performance:

- ✓ Suicidal ideation evaluation and data reporting is not only an essential component of RESPECT-Mil but is paramount for patient safety. This issue should be addressed immediately.
- ✓ Continue efforts to remind providers that an important aspect of the RESPECT-Mil process is to encourage Service Members with positive screens to accept referral to RESPECT-Mil.
- ✓ Encourage RCFs to review caseloads with BHC to appropriately disposition cases and to ensure that cases that are no longer in active care facilitation are closed in the FIRST-STEPS system.
- √ Vacancies exist for both RCFs and Administrative Assistants. Position vacancies hinder program implementation and sustainment efforts and strain existing RESPECT-Mil staff. Ft. Bravo is encouraged to move forward on hiring actions for these positions.

¹ EBHC includes the RESPECT-Mil program or any behavioral health care service outside the scope of primary care practice.

² A contact is defined as a FIRST-STEPS "snapshot" created for an open case. PRN visits are not considered in determining number of active cases

Quarterly Progress Report: Fort Charlie Example of a Low Performance Site



Report

Performance

Quarterly

Installation

et Quarter, FY 2011

T CHARIIF

February 28, 2011

Point of Contact: Justin Curry, PhD justin.curry@amedd.army.mil

Objective: This performance report provides summary findings of your RESPECT-Mil program from October 1, 2010 – December 31, 2010. These findings are designed both to inform and guide you and your staff regarding:

- > The force health status at Ft. Charlie;
- > Ft. Charlie's success in meeting RESPECT-Mil's objectives:
- > Ft. Charlie's RESPECT-Mil workforce; and
- > Potential strategies to improve or sustain Ft. Charlie's performance.

Performance Ranking System: Green arrows (*) signify high performance, yellow arrows (**) average performance, and red arrows (*) low performance. Rankings are provided to help you identify strengths and weaknesses relative to other RESPECT-Mil sites.

Summary: In general, Ft. Charlie shows average rates for Service Members meeting criteria for a positive screening result (PTSD/Depression/both) and below average rates for a presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or depression. Approximately 38% of those Service Members with positive screens are already engaged in enhanced behavioral health care (EBHC)¹. A greater number than expected of Service Members at Ft. Charlie report suicidal ideation (4%).

Procedurally, Ft. Charlie is performing on par with other implementation sites in the RESPECT-Mil system. During this reporting period, RESPECT-Mil clinics at Ft. Charlie conducted 456 primary care visits (down 33% from last quarter). Performance against standards for implementing initial screening protocols warrants greater attention and improvement (42%). Moreover, rates for follow-up contacts should be improved. Roughly 25% of Service Members are declining referrals, indicating positive performance against this indicator. All Service Members with a positive PHO9I/PCL19 should have a further risk assessment conducted by a clinician. At Ft. Charlie, the reporting of suicide risk assessment data to the DHCC R-Mil Implementation Team was not carried out to standard. Consequently, it is not possible to report performance against this key program standard for Ft. Charlie at this time.

During this reporting period, Ft. Charlie was implementing RESPECT-MII at 1 clinic with 25 open cases in the RESPECT-MII program. Staffing appears to be sufficient to handle this case load with 1 care facilitator (RCF) managing approximately 25 cases.

Table 1: FORCE HEALTH STATUS AT ET, CHARLIE

	Q04 FY2010 N (%)	Q01 FY2011 N (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range
Screened visits positive for PTSD or Depression:	23 (21%)	21 (10.8%)	-10.3%	7.9% - 20.6%
Screened visits resulting in presumptive primary care diagnosis of PTSD or Depression:	1 (1%)	3 (1.5%)	+0.6%	1.6% - 10.6%
Screened visits positive for suicide risk:	0 (0%)	7 (3.6%)	+3.6%	0% - 5.5%
Positive screens already receiving enhanced behavioral health care:	4 (17.4%)**	8 (38.1%)**	20.7%	18% - 59.8%

Percentage expressed relative to total number of primary care visits screened ((N/Total Screens) × 100)

***Percentage expressed relative to number of positive screens any ((N/Positive Screens) × 100)

Table 2: R-Mil Procedural Performance (Screening & Follow-up) at Ft. Charlie...

		Q04 FY2010	Q01 FY2011		Q01 FY2011	Q01 FY2011
Perfo	ormance Parameter	(%)	(%)	Change (%)	R-Mil Range	R-Mil Rank
	Percentage of primary care visits screened with MEDCOM 774:	16.1%	42.5% [†]	+26.5%	17.9% - 100%	14 th of 15
ind.	Percentage of patients referred to Respect-Mil contacted within 14 days:	66.7% ^{††}	75% ^{††}	+8.3%	37% - 100%	7 th of 15
ji nje	Percentage of open R-Mil cases with at least one RCF contact during the reporting period:	58.8% ^{†††}	72% ^{†††}	+13.2%	36.6% - 100%	10 th of 15

¹ EBHC includes the RESPECT-Mil program or any behavioral health care service outside the scope of primary care practice.

Table 3: R-MIL PROCEDURAL PERFORMANCE (REFERRAL & RISK ASSESSMENT) AT FT. CHARLIE...

Pe	rformance Parameter	Q04 FY2010 (%)	Q01 FY2011 (%)	Change (%)	Q01 FY2011 R-Mil Range	
*	Percentage of EBHC referrals offered that are accepted:	50% [‡]	75% [‡]	+25%	44% – 94.6%	4 th of 15
*	Percentage of R-Mil referrals offered that are accepted:	100% [‡]	N/A [‡]	N/A	0%-91.3%	N/A
*	Percentage of Behavioral Health referrals offered that are accepted:	33.3% [‡]	75%*	+41.7%	28.6% - 100%	4 th of 15
*	Among visits with documented suicidal ideation, the percentage of MEDCOM 774s evidencing		quate data rep analysis perfori			standard 00%

* ((N/Referrals Offered) × 100)
** ((N/Positive Suicide Risk) × 100)

RESPECT-Mil Staffing at Ft. Charlie: A RESPECT-Mil primary care champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training. A RESPECT-Mil behavioral health champion was assigned for the entirety of the reporting period and that individual has received formal RESPECT-Mil training.

Table 4: HUMAN RESOURCING DATA FOR FT. CHARLIE...

Staff	# Assigned	# Authorized	Open Cases	Active Cases	Average Caseload	R-Mil Caseload Range
Total	2	2	-	-	_	-
Care Facilitators	1	1	25	18	25	12-188
Administrative Assistants	1	1	_	_	-	-

* Cases open in FIRST-STEPS Care Facilitation Management System during the reporting period

***TOpen cases with at least one contact 2 recorded in FIRST-STEPS during the reporting period

Comments on Data: Ft. Charlie reports that no cases were referred to the RESPECT-Mil program during the reporting period. Consequently, the percentage of R-Mil referrals accepted is not reported. Reported performance against time to initial contact standards reflects referrals made in the last days of the previous reporting period.

Impressions:

- 1) 28% of open cases had no contact during the reporting period. This could be due to completed patient contacts not being entered into FIRST-STEPS or due to open cases not being closed on patients discharged from the program. These issues should be addressed as soon as possible so that it accurately reflects caseload and contact data.
- Ft. Charlie appears to be resolving some of its original implementation concerns but will require persistent effort to achieve overall performance consistent with program standards.
- 3) RESPECT-Mil screening rate at Ft. Charlie remains low at 42.5% but has increased by 26.5% since the previous reporting
- Overall, Ft. Charlie evidences significant improvement over last quarter on several critical indicators of program performance

Recommended Actions: The following bullet points reflect recommendations from the RESPECT-Mil Implementation Team to assist R-Mil staff and stakeholders at Ft. Charlie sustain or improve program performance:

- Suicide evaluation and reporting is not only an essential component of RESPECT-Mil but is paramount for patient safety. This issue should be addressed immediately.
- While screening performance did improve from last quarter, Ft. Charlie maintains a screening rate well below both
 program average and program standards. Thorough investigation of the screening process is necessary to rectify this
 significant deficiency.
- Encourage RCFs to review caseloads with BHC to appropriately disposition cases and to ensure that cases that are no longer in active care facilitation are closed in the FIRST-STEPS system.
- RCFs should review processes to identify and overcome barriers to timely contact of new RESPECT-Mil referrals.

² A contact is defined as a FIRST-STEPS "snapshot" created for an open case. PRN visits are not considered in determining number of active cases

DoD STEPS-UP

Stepped

Treatment

Enhanced

PTSD

Services

Using Primary Care

A 6-site (18 clinic) RCT comparing 12-months of collaborative PTSD & depression care vs usual primary care.

<u>Intensified intervention</u>...

- aggressive case management (behavioral activation, motivation enhancement, centralized tracking)
- stepped psychosocial care



STEPS-UP Investigators

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<u>Partnering</u>: Robert Bray, PhD (RTI International)

Partnering: Lisa Jaycox, PhD (RAND Corporation)

Coinvestigators

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